

APS 105

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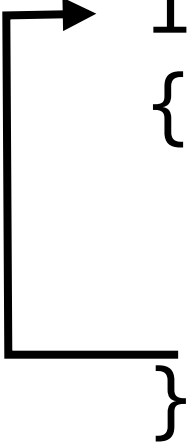
Lecture 8
February 1, 2012

Today

- for loops
- Loop idioms and categories
- Loop examples

```
int i = 1;
while (i <= 10)
{
    printf("%d\n", i);
    i++;
}
```

```
int i = 1;
if (i <= 10)
{
    printf("%d\n", i);
    i++;
}
```



for loop

```
for (expression1; expression2; expression3)  
    statement
```

```
for (initializer; condition; increment)  
    statement
```

```
initializer  
while (condition)  
{  
    statement  
    increment  
}
```

```
for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++)  
{  
    printf("%d\n", i);  
}
```

```
int i = 1;  
while (i <= 10)  
{  
    printf("%d\n", i);  
    i++;  
}
```

```
for ( ; i != 5; )  
{  
    // do something  
}
```

```
while (i != 5)  
{  
    // do something  
}
```

```
for ( ; ; )  
{  
    // do something  
}
```

```
while (true)  
{  
    // do something  
}
```

Multivariable Loops

```
int i, j;
```

```
for (i = 0, j = 0; i < 5; i++, j++)  
{  
    printf("%d x %d is %d \n", i, j, i * j);  
}
```

0	x	0	is	0
1	x	1	is	1
2	x	2	is	4
3	x	3	is	9
4	x	4	is	16

```
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)  
{  
    ...  
}  
int maximum = i; Error
```

```
int i;  
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++)  
{  
    ...  
}  
int maximum = i;
```

Loop Idiom: Variable Naming

- `i` is a counter variable

```
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)  
{  
    ...  
}
```

```
for (int index = 0; index < 10; index++)  
{  
    ...  
}
```

Loop Idiom: n times

- Let's say you want to do something n times

n: 3

for (i = 0; i < n; i++) 0 1 2

for (i = 1; i <= n; i++) 1 2 3

for (i = 0; i <= n; i++) 0 1 2 3

Wrong

Loop Idiom: Alternating

```
bool printAsterisk = true;
for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)
{
    if (printAsterisk)
    {
        printf("*");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("-");
    }
    printAsterisk = !printAsterisk;
}
```

num: 8

* _ * _ * _ * _

Loop Idiom: Alternating

```
bool printAsterisk = true;
for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)
{
    char c = printAsterisk ? '*' : '-';

    printf("%c", c);
```

num: 8

* _ * _ * _ * _

```
        printAsterisk = !printAsterisk;
    }
```

Categories of Loops

- Read and process
- Validity checking
- Counting loop

Read and Process

```
int num;
while (true)
{
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    int square = num * num;
    printf("%d squared is %d \n", num, square);
}
```

```
bool keepGoing = true;
while (keepGoing)
{
    int num;
    printf("Enter a number (0 to quit): ");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    if (num == 0)
    {
        keepGoing = false;
    }
    else
    {
        int square = num * num;
        printf("%d squared is %d \n", num, square);
    }
}
```

Validity Checking

```
int num;  
printf("Enter a positive number: ");  
scanf("%d", &num);  
  
while (num < 0)  
{  
    printf("Enter a positive number: ");  
    scanf("%d", &num);  
}  
  
// At this point, num must be positive
```

Counting

```
for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)  
{  
    printf("%d\n", i);  
}
```

How to Choose a Loop

```
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)  
{  
    printf("%d\n", i);  
}
```

```
int i = 0  
while (i < 10)  
{  
    printf("%d\n", i);  
    i++;  
}
```

How to Choose a Loop

- for loop
 - Well-defined number of iterations
 - Counting loops
- while loop
 - Unknown number of iterations
 - Validity checking
 - Read and process

Nested ifs

```
if ( (num % 2) == 0 )
{
    printf("%d is even\n", num);

    if ( (num % 3) == 0 )
    {
        printf("it's divisible by 3\n");
    }
}
```

Nested Loops

```
int num;  
while (true)  
{  
    printf("Enter a number:");  
    scanf("%d", &num);  
  
    // do something  
}
```

Nested Loops

```
int num;  
while (true)  
{  
    printf("Enter a number:");  
    scanf("%d", &num);  
  
}
```

Nested Loops

```
int num;
while (true)
{
    printf("Enter a number:");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    int sum = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i <= num; i++)
    {
        sum += i;
    }
    printf("The sum of 1 to %d is %d", num, sum);
}
```

Nested Loops

```
int num;
while (true) ← Outer loop
{
    printf("Enter a number:");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    int sum = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i <= num; i++) ← Inner loop
    {
        sum += i;
    }
    printf("The sum of 1 to %d is %d", num, sum);
}
```

```
for (int x = 0; x <= X_MAX; x++)  
{  
    for (int y = 0; y <= Y_MAX; y++)  
    {  
        printf("(%d,%d)", x, y);  
    }  
}
```

X_MAX:

Y_MAX:

```
for (int x = 0; x <= X_MAX; x++)  
{  
    for (int y = 0; y <= Y_MAX; y++)  
    {  
        printf("(%d,%d)", x, y);  
    }  
}
```

X_MAX: 3

x: 0

Y_MAX: 2

```
for (int x = 0; x <= X_MAX; x++)  
{  
    for (int y = 0; y <= Y_MAX; y++)  
    {  
        printf("(%d,%d)", x, y);  
    }  
}
```

X_MAX: 3

x: 0

y: 0

Y_MAX: 2

```
for (int x = 0; x <= X_MAX; x++)  
{  
    for (int y = 0; y <= Y_MAX; y++)  
    {  
        printf("(%d,%d)", x, y);  
    }  
}
```

X_MAX: 3

x: 0

y: ~~0~~1

Y_MAX: 2

```
for (int x = 0; x <= X_MAX; x++)  
{  
    for (int y = 0; y <= Y_MAX; y++)  
    {  
        printf("(%d,%d)", x, y);  
    }  
}
```

X_MAX:

3

x:

0

y:

0	1	2
--------------	--------------	---

Y_MAX:

2

```
for (int x = 0; x <= X_MAX; x++)  
{  
    for (int y = 0; y <= Y_MAX; y++)  
    {  
        printf("(%d,%d)", x, y);  
    }  
}
```

X_MAX:

3

x:

0

y:

0	1	2	3
--------------	--------------	--------------	---

Y_MAX:

2

```
for (int x = 0; x <= X_MAX; x++)  
{  
    for (int y = 0; y <= Y_MAX; y++)  
    {  
        printf("(%d,%d)", x, y);  
    }  
}
```

X_MAX:

3

x:

0	1
--------------	---

y:

0	1	2	3
--------------	--------------	--------------	---

Y_MAX:

2

```
for (int x = 0; x <= X_MAX; x++)  
{  
    for (int y = 0; y <= Y_MAX; y++)  
    {  
        printf("(%d,%d)", x, y);  
    }  
}
```

X_MAX:

3

x:

0	1
--------------	---

y:

0	1	2	3
0			

Y_MAX:

2

```
for (int x = 0; x <= X_MAX; x++)  
{  
    for (int y = 0; y <= Y_MAX; y++)  
    {  
        printf("(%d,%d)", x, y);  
    }  
}
```

X_MAX:

3

x:

0	1
--------------	---

y:

0	1	2	3
0	1		

Y_MAX:

2

```

for (int x = 0; x <= X_MAX; x++)
{
    for (int y = 0; y <= Y_MAX; y++)
    {
        printf("(%d,%d)", x, y);
    }
}

```

X_MAX:

3

x:

0	1
--------------	---

y:

0	1	2	3
0	1	2	

Y_MAX:

2

```
for (int x = 0; x <= X_MAX; x++)  
{  
    for (int y = 0; y <= Y_MAX; y++)  
    {  
        printf("(%d,%d)", x, y);  
    }  
}
```

X_MAX:

3

x:

0	1
--------------	---

y:

0	1	2	3
0	1	2	3

Y_MAX:

2

```
for (int x = 0; x <= X_MAX; x++)  
{  
    for (int y = 0; y <= Y_MAX; y++)  
    {  
        printf("(%d,%d)", x, y);  
    }  
}
```

X_MAX:

3

x:

0	1	2
--------------	--------------	---

y:

0	1	2	3
0	1	2	3

Y_MAX:

2

```
for (int x = 0; x <= X_MAX; x++)  
{  
    for (int y = 0; y <= Y_MAX; y++)  
    {  
        printf("(%d,%d)", x, y);  
    }  
}
```

X_MAX:

3

Y_MAX:

2

x:

0	1	2	3	4
--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------	---

y:

0	1	2	3
0	1	2	3
0	1	2	3
0	1	2	3

gcc and C99

- gcc doesn't use all C99 features by default
- gcc -std=c99
- gcc -std=c99 -Wall -o hello hello.c

height: 4 height rows

width "*" per row for all rows

width: 3

```
for (int y = 0; y < height; y++)  
{  
    for (int x = 0; x < width; x++)  
    {  
        printf("*");  
    }  
  
    printf("\n");  
}
```

```
*
**
*** height: 4      height rows
**** y "*" in row y
*****
```

```
for (int y = 0; y < height; y++)
{
    for (int x = 0; x < y; x++)
    {
        printf("*");
    }

    printf("\n");
}
```

```
*
**
*** height: 4      height rows
**** y "*" in row y (1-based index)
*****
```

```
for (int y = 1; y <= height; y++)
{
    for (int x = 0; x < y; x++)
    {
        printf("*");
    }

    printf("\n");
}
```