

APS 105

Winter 2012

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Lecture 5
January 25, 2012

Today

- Reading Input
- More Conversion Specifiers

Constants and Style

`int numCopies = 59;` ← Magic Number

Bad Style

`#define FOUR 4`

`#define TWO_POINT_ONE 2.1`

Bad Style

`#define THIRTY 31`

Evil

Style

- Two audiences:
 - Compiler
 - Other people (includes yourself in the future)

```

#include <ncurses.h>/*****/
int m[256] [ 256 ],a
,b ;;; ;;; WINDOW*w; char*l="" "\176qx1" "q" "q" "k" "w\
xm" "x" "t" "j" "v" "u" "n" ,Q[
]= "Z" "pt!ftd`" "qdc!`eu" "dq!$c!nnwf"/** *** */"t\040\t";c(
int u , int v){ v?m [u] [v-
1] |=2,m[u][v-1] & 48?W][v-1 ] & 15]]):0:0;u?m[u -1][v]|=1 ,m[
u- 1][ v]& 48? W-1 ][v ]&
15] ]):0:0;v< 255 ?m[ u][v+1]|=8,m[u][v+1]& 48? W][ v+1]&15]]
):0 :0; u < 255 ?m[ u+1 ][v ]|=
4,m[u+1][ v]&48?W+1][v]&15]]):0:0;W][ v]& 15] ]);}cu(char*q){ return
*q ?cu (q+ 1)& 1?q [0] ++:
q[0 ]-- :1; }d( int u , int/**/v, int/**/x, int y){ int
Y=y -v, X=x -u; int S,s ;Y< 0?Y =-Y ,s,
s-- 1:( s=1);X<0?X=-X,S =-1 :(S= 1); Y<= 1;X<=1; if(X>Y){
int f=Y -(X >>1 );; while(u!= x){
f>= 0?v+=s,f-=X:0;u +=S ;f+= Y;m[u][v]|=32;mvwaddch(w,v ,u, m[u
][ v]& 64? 60: 46) ;if (m[ u][
v]&16){c(u,v);; ;; return;}} }else{int f=X -(Y>>1);; while
(v !=y ){f >=0 ?u +=S, f-= Y:0
;v +=s ;f+=X;m[u][v]|= 32;mvwaddch(w,v ,u,m[u][v]&64?60:46);if(m[u
][ v]& 16) {c( u,v );
; return;;;}}}}Z( int/**/a, int b){ }e( int/**/y,int/**/ x){
int i ; for (i= a;i <=a
+S;i++)d(y,x,i,b),d(y,x,i,b+L);for(i=b;i<=b+L;i++)d(y,x,a,i),d(y,x,a+
); ;;; ;;; ;;; ;
mvwaddch(w,x,y,64); ;;; ;;; prefresh( w,b,a,0,0 ,L- 1,S-1
);} main( int V , char *C[
] ){FILE*f= fopen(V==1?"arachnid.c"/**/ :C[
1],"r");int/**/x,y,c,
v=0 ;;; initscr (); Z(Z (raw
()) ,Z( curs_set(0),Z(1 ,noecho()))),keypad( stdscr,TRUE));w =newpad
( 300, 300 ) ; for (x= 255 ; x >=0 ;x--
) for (y= 255 ;y>=0;y-- )m[ x][ y]= 0;x=y=0;refresh( );while
arachnid by Nick Johnson, IOCCC 2004 fgetc (f) )+1) {if(
0||c==10|| x== 256){x=0;y++;if(y==256 )break;;} else{m[x][y]=(c ==

```

```

do {
    v++;
    mvwaddch (w, y,x ,m[x][ y]& 32? m[x ][y ] & 16? 0|
                acs_map[1[m[x][y]&15]]:46:32);
    c==0163&&!(m[x][y+1]&16)?y++: 0;
    c == 119 &&! (m[ x][ y- 1]& 16) ?y--:0;
    ;
    c ==97 &&!(m[x-1][y]&16)?x--:0;
    c==100&&!(m[x+1 ][ y]& 16) ? x ++:0 ;
    if( c== 3- 1+1 ) {
        endwin( );
        ;
        return(0) ;
    }
    x -a<5?a>S- 5?a-=S-5:(a=0):0;
    x -a> S-5?a<255 -S* 2?a +=S-5:(a=256-S):0;
    y-b<5?b>L-5?b-=L-5:(b =0) :0;
    y-b>L-5?b<255-L *2?b+= L-5 :(b =256-L) :0;
    e(x,y);
    if(m[x][y]&64)break;
} while((c=getch())!=-1);

```

Good Variable Names

- Be clear (and use conventions)
- Don't abbreviate too much
 - ns vs. numStudents
- Don't be too verbose
 - numberOfStudentsThatAreInTheClassAtThisTime
- Use an initial comment

```
int numStudents; // Number of students enrolled in class.
```

- It takes practice

Reading Input

scanf

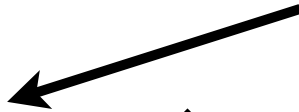
- Reads “formatted” input

```
int mass = 18;
```

```
printf("%d", mass);
```

```
scanf("%d", &mass);
```

“address of” operator



- Takes input, interprets and stores it
- Usually paired with printf prompt

Multiple Variables

- Multiple variables separated by whitespace

```
int width = 0, height = 0, depth = 0;  
scanf("%d%d%d", &width, &height, &depth);
```

20 30 40

20

30

40

width:	0	20
height:	0	30
depth:	0	40

Multiple Variables

- Multiple variables separated by whitespace

```
int width = 0, height = 0, depth = 0;  
scanf("%d%d%d", &width, &height, &depth);
```

20 30 40

20 30
 40

width:	0	20
height:	0	30
depth:	0	40

20_30_40←

20_____30←
 40←

Invalid Input

```
int width = 0, height = 0, depth = 0;  
scanf("%d%d%d", &width, &height, &depth);
```

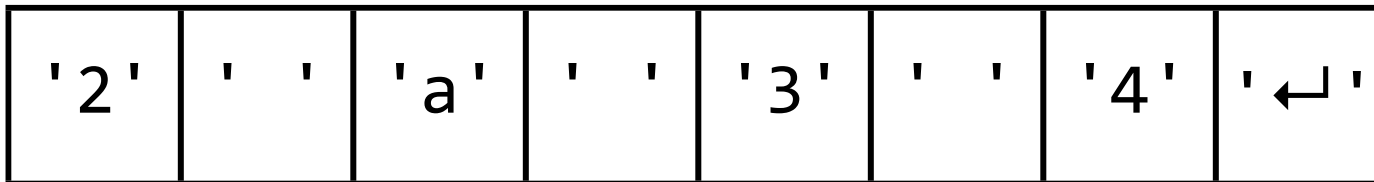
2 a 3 4

width:
height:
depth:

Invalid Input

```
int width = 0, height = 0, depth = 0;  
scanf("%d%d%d", &width, &height, &depth);  
int x = 0, y = 0;  
scanf("%d%d", &x, &y);
```

2 a 3 4

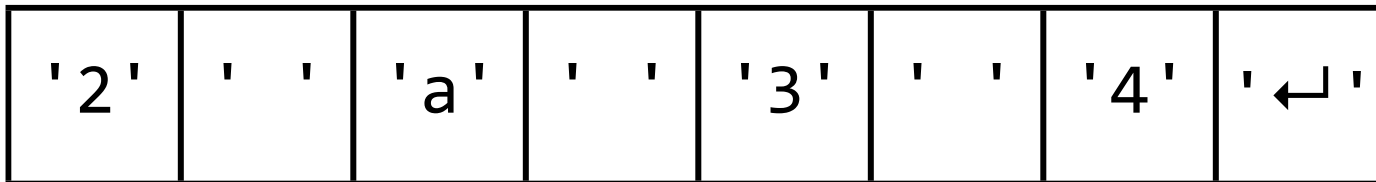


width: 0
height: 0
depth: 0

Invalid Input

```
int width = 0, height = 0, depth = 0;  
scanf("%d%d%d", &width, &height, &depth);  
int x = 0, y = 0;  
scanf("%d%d", &x, &y);
```

2 a 3 4

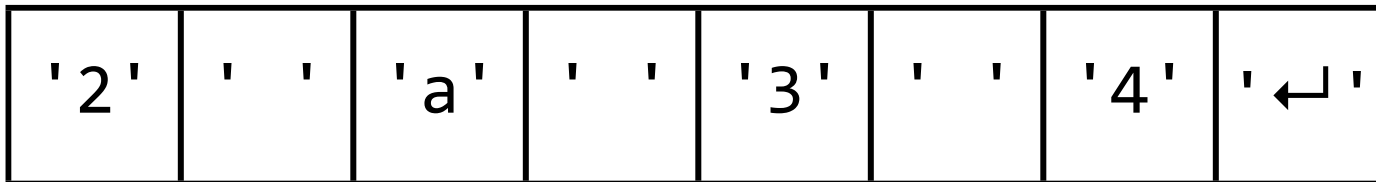


width: 0
height: 0
depth: 0

Invalid Input

```
int width = 0, height = 0, depth = 0;  
scanf("%d%d%d", &width, &height, &depth);  
int x = 0, y = 0;  
scanf("%d%d", &x, &y);
```

2 a 3 4

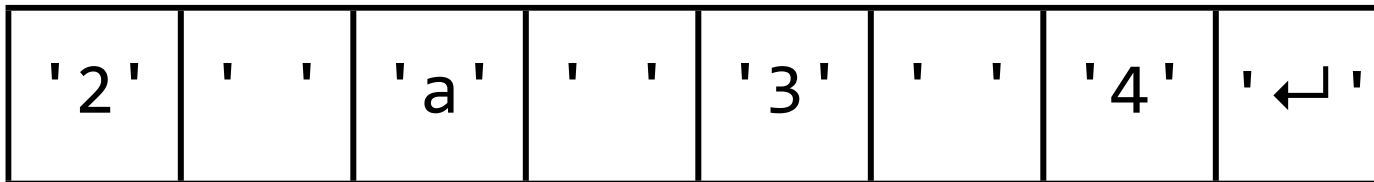


width: ~~0~~ 2
height: 0
depth: 0

Invalid Input

```
int width = 0, height = 0, depth = 0;  
scanf("%d%d%d", &width, &height, &depth);  
int x = 0, y = 0;  
scanf("%d%d", &x, &y);
```

2 a 3 4

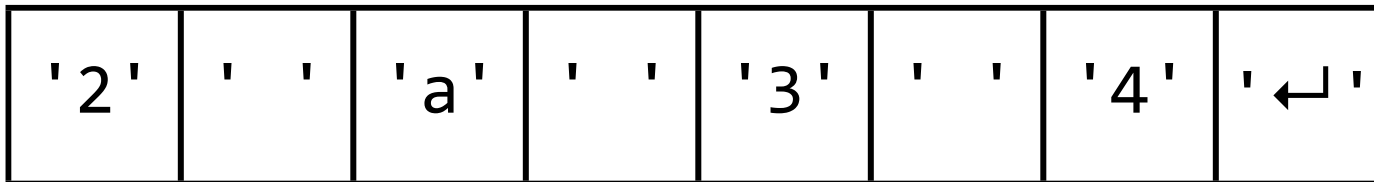


width: ~~0~~ 2
height: 0
depth: 0

Invalid Input

```
int width = 0, height = 0, depth = 0;  
scanf("%d%d%d", &width, &height, &depth);  
int x = 0, y = 0;  
scanf("%d%d", &x, &y);
```

2 a 3 4



width:	0	2
height:	0	
depth:	0	
x:	0	
y:	0	

Invalid Input

```
int width, height, depth;  
scanf("%d%d%d", &width, &height, &depth);
```

2 a 3 4

width:	2
height:	
depth:	

Format Strings

- Other characters can be present

```
int first = 0, second = 0;  
scanf("%d-%d", &first, &second);
```

Format Specifiers

- `int`
 - `%d`
- `double`
 - `%lf` (different than `printf`!)
- `char`
 - `%c`
 - Doesn't skip whitespace

chars and scanf

- `scanf` does not skip whitespace for `%c`

```
int width = 0, height = 0, depth = 0;
scanf("%d%d%d", &width, &height, &depth);
```

Diagram illustrating a 3D box with dimensions:

- width: 20
- height: 30
- depth: 40

```
char first, middle, last;  
scanf("%c%c%c", &first, &middle, &last);
```

JAD

first:	J
middle:	A
last:	D

chars and scanf

- scanf does not skip whitespace for %c

```
int width = 0, height = 0, depth = 0;  
scanf("%d%d%d", &width, &height, &depth);
```

20_30_40← 20_30←
 40←

width:	20
height:	30
depth:	40

```
char first, middle, last;  
scanf("%c%c%c", &first, &middle, &last);
```

JAD J_ A←
 D←

first:	J
middle:	_
last:	_

Skipping Whitespace

```
char first, middle, last;  
scanf("%c%c%c", &first, &middle, &last);
```

J_____A↵
_____D↵

first:	J
middle:	_
last:	_

```
char first, middle, last;  
scanf("%c %c %c", &first, &middle, &last);
```

J_____A↵
_____D↵

first:	J
middle:	A
last:	D

```
char first, middle, last;
```

```
printf("Please enter first initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &first);
```

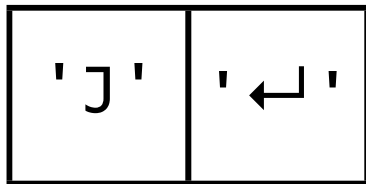
```
printf("Please enter middle initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &middle);
```

```
printf("Please enter last initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &last);
```

J ↵



first:

middle:

last:


```
char first, middle, last;
```

```
printf("Please enter first initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &first);
```

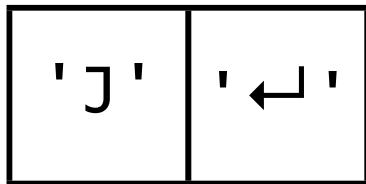
```
printf("Please enter middle initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &middle);
```

```
printf("Please enter last initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &last);
```

J ↵



first:

J

middle:

--

last:

--

```
char first, middle, last;
```

```
printf("Please enter first initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &first);
```

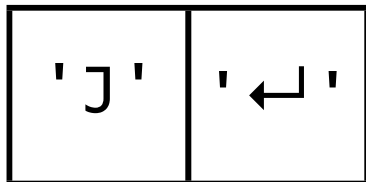
```
printf("Please enter middle initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &middle);
```

```
printf("Please enter last initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &last);
```

J ←



first:

J

middle:

←

last:

--

```
char first, middle, last;
```

```
printf("Please enter first initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &first);
```

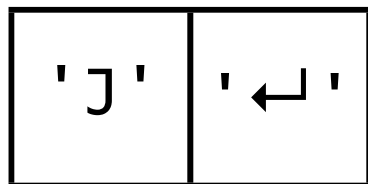
```
printf("Please enter middle initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &middle);
```

```
printf("Please enter last initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &last);
```

J ↵



first:

J

middle:

↵

last:

--

```
char first, middle, last;
```

```
printf("Please enter first initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &first);
```

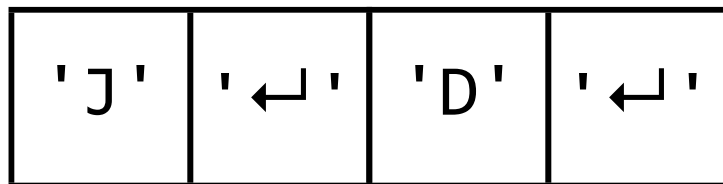
```
printf("Please enter middle initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &middle);
```

```
printf("Please enter last initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &last);
```

J ← D ←



first:

J

middle:

←

last:

--

```
char first, middle, last;
```

```
printf("Please enter first initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &first);
```

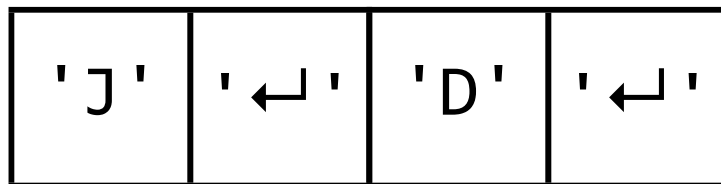
```
printf("Please enter middle initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &middle);
```

```
printf("Please enter last initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &last);
```

J ← D ←



first:

J

middle:

←

last:

D

```
char first, middle, last;
```

```
printf("Please enter first initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &first);
```

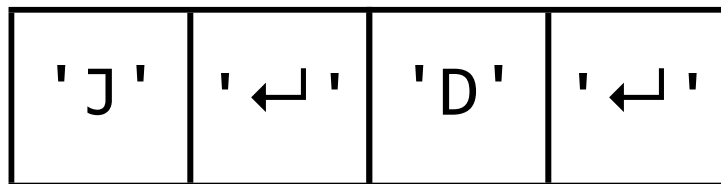
```
printf("Please enter middle initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &middle);
```

```
printf("Please enter last initial: ");
```

```
scanf("%c", &last);
```

J ← D ←



first:

J

middle:

←

last:

D

scanf

- Is a bit awkward
- Not really designed for human use
- We'll see some better alternatives later

Customizing printf Conversion Specifiers

<code>int i = 3;</code>	
<code>printf(" %d \n", i);</code>	<code> 3 </code>
<code>printf(" %8.2d \n", i);</code>	<code> 03 </code>
<code>printf(" %8d \n", i);</code>	<code> 3 </code>
<code>printf(" %.2d \n", i);</code>	<code> 03 </code>

<code>double d = 4.567;</code>	
<code>printf(" %g \n", d);</code>	<code> 4.567 </code>
<code>printf(" %8.2g \n", d);</code>	<code> 4.6 </code>
<code>printf(" %8g \n", d);</code>	<code> 4.567 </code>
<code>printf(" %.2g \n", d);</code>	<code> 4.6 </code>

`%8.2d`

Diagram illustrating the components of the format string `%8.2d`:

- `8`: width
- `2`: precision
- `d`: type

Width

- Same meaning for all conversion specifiers
- Indicates the *minimum* number of characters to use

```
int i = 345;
```

<code>printf(" %d \n", i);</code>	<code> 345 </code>
<code>printf(" %8d \n", i);</code>	<code> 345 </code>
<code>printf(" %2d \n", i);</code>	<code> 345 </code>

```
double d = 4.567;
```

<code>printf(" %g \n", d);</code>	<code> 4.567 </code>
<code>printf(" %8g \n", d);</code>	<code> 4.567 </code>
<code>printf(" %2g \n", d);</code>	<code> 4.567 </code>

Precision

- Different specifiers interpret it differently
- %d
- %g
- %f

Precision (%d)

- For %d, it's the *minimum* number of digits

```
int i = 345;  
printf("|%d| \n", i);      |345|  
printf("|%.8d| \n", i);   |00000345|  
printf("|%.2d| \n", i);   |345|
```

Precision (%g)

- For %g, it's the *maximum* number of significant digits

```
double d = 4.567;  
printf("|%g| \n", d);      |4.567|  
printf("|%.8g| \n", d);   |4.567|  
printf("|%.2g| \n", d);   |4.6|
```

```
double e = 2.99792458e8;  
printf("|%g| \n", e);      |2.99792e+08|  
printf("|%.10g| \n", e);  |299792458|  
printf("|%.4g| \n", e);    |2.998e+08|
```

Precision (%f)

- For %f, it's the *exact* number of digits after the decimal

double d = 4.567; By default, %f means %.6f
double e = 2.99792458e8;

```
printf(" |%f| \n", d);            |4.567000|  
printf(" |%f| \n", e);            |299792458.000000|
```

```
printf(" |%.8f| \n", d);          |4.56700000|  
printf(" |%.8f| \n", e);          |299792458.00000000|
```

```
printf(" |%.1f| \n", d);          |4.6|  
printf(" |%.1f| \n", e);          |299792458.0|
```